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Introduction

Home gardeners frequently see insect pests and diseases affecting their vegetables. Usually they would have seen them in previous seasons, and the symptoms look familiar. However, there are occasions, when an unusual pest (not native to Western Australia) can occur. Exotic pests are a concern for the farming community, as they could threaten the agricultural and horticultural industries and increase the price of production and cost to the consumer.

This bulletin describes the most common insect pests and diseases in home vegetable gardens.

Please report anything unusual to the Pest and Disease Information Service on 9368 3666 or 1800 084 881.





Control

As chemical registrations constantly change, this bulletin does not recommend any control measures. Your local plant nurseries or hardware store can assist you with advice.

Important disclaimer

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Contents

INSECT PESTS		Snails and slugs	17
African black beetle	4	Sweet potato leaf miner	18
Aphids	4	Thrips	18
Bean weevil	5	Tiger moth	19
Beet webworm	5	Tomato russet mite	19
Cabbage white butterfly	6	Two-spotted mites	20
Cluster caterpillar	6	Vegetable beetle	20
Coon bug	7	Vegetable weevil	21
Corn earworm	7	Wireworm	21
Cutworm	8	DISEASES	
Diamond-back (cabbage) moth	8	Most Vegetables	22
Eggfruit caterpillar	9	Many Vegetables	22
Garden weevil, Whitefringed weevil	9	Broad beans	23
Grass-hoppers and locusts	10	French and runner beans	24
Green vegetable bug	11	Beetroot	25
Leaf eating ladybirds	11	Brassicas	26
Leafhoppers	12	Carrots	28
Looper caterpillar	12	Celery	29
Lucerne flea	13	Curcurbits	29
Mole crickets	13	Lettuce	30
Native budworm	14	Onions	32
Nematodes	14	Parsnip	32
Onion maggot	15	Peas	33
Pea weevil	15	Potatoes	35
Potato moth	16	Potatoes, Tomatoes	37
Redlegged earth mite	16	Silver beet	38
Rutherglen bug	17	Tomatoes	39

N S C

AFRICAN BLACK BEETLE PEST

Prefer potatoes, tomatoes and sweetcorn; **VEGETABLE** also attack cabbages and cauliflower; sometimes pumpkins, melons.

Young plants chewed at or below ground level; SYMPTOMS holes in tubers.

Adults from Summer - Spring; SEASON larvae late Spring - mid Summer.

Beetle; prefers clayey and loamy soils. COMMENT



African black beetle



larva

PEST

APHIDS

VEGETABLE SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT

Most vegetables.

Small soft insects on shoots and young growth.

Mainly Spring and Autumn.

Sap suckers; aphids can carry viruses.



BEAN WEEVIL

Beans.

Larvae in seeds.

Summer – Autumn.

Will breed in dry beans in garden.

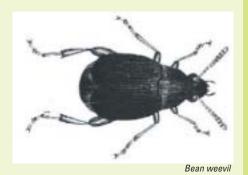


VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT



BEET WEBWORM

Beetroot; silver beet.

Ragged holes in leaves; bright green caterpillar, up to 12 mm long.

Most active in Summer.

Weeds harbour bugs; remove.

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON





S C S

PEST

CABBAGE WHITE BUTTERFLY

VEGETABLE

Brassicas.

SYMPTOMS

Holes in leaves; velvety green sluggish caterpillar up to 30 mm long.

SEASON COMMENT

Spring – Summer.

Big white butterfly.





larva

PEST

CLUSTER CATERPILLAR

VEGETABLE

Many plants; prefer brassicas, strawberries.

SYMPTOMS

Egg mass on underside of leaves; many tiny grubs; leaves skeletonised, then holed; grey-green caterpillars, up to 50 mm long.

SEASON COMMENT

Summer – Autumn, Autumn – Winter on strawberries.

Appearance may vary.



COON BUG

C

Some vegetables.

Plants wilt from loss of sap; fruits toughen and discolour.

N

Most abundant in warm weather.

Ē

Breeds in marsh-mallows and hogweeds.

PEST

S

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT



Coon bug

CORN EARWORM

Many plants; prefer sweet corn. Holes in leaves and damage to cobs. Spring – Autumn.

Caterpillar similar to native budworm.



Corn ear worm

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

S E S

PEST

CUTWORM

VEGETABLE

Most vegetables.

SYMPTOMS

Young plants wilting; stems attacked near ground level; caterpillar, up to 35 mm long.

SEASON

Year round, most damaging Spring and Autumn.

COMMENT

Caterpillar; nocturnal; look in surrounding soil.



Cutworm - green



PEST

DIAMOND-BACK (CABBAGE) MOTH

VEGETABLE

Brassicas.

SYMPTOMS

Tunnels in leaves; patches on underside of leaves eaten, leaving only transparent film on top, bright green caterpillar, up to 12 mm long.

SEASON COMMENT

Most active in warm weather.

Small caterpillar.



I N S E C T S

EGGFRUIT CATERPILLAR

Egg plants.

Small holes near fruit stalk; caterpillars up to 25 mm long inside fruit.

Summer – Autumn.

Difficult to control inside fruit; aim to kill larvae as they hatch.



Eggfruit caterpillar

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT

GARDEN WEEVIL; WHITEFRINGED WEEVIL

Many plants; prefer asparagus, beetroot, peas, potatoes, silver beet, spinach, sweet potatoes, carrots.

Stems and foliage chewed (adult) and boring into tubers (larva).

Adults Spring – Summer; Larvae Winter – Spring.

Chewing insect; nocturnal.



PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON







adult

GARDEN WEEVIL; WHITEFRINGED WEEVIL (continued)

Report Black Vine Weevil (below).



Black vine weevil

PEST

VEGETABLE SYMPTOMS SEASON

COMMENT

GRASS-HOPPERS AND LOCUSTS

All plants.

Plants chewed or skeletonised.

Summer – Autumn.

Can come in large numbers.







Wingless grasshopper

GREEN VEGETABLE BUG

Most plants: beans, tomatoes, potatoes, peas, silver beet, cabbage, cauliflower, pumpkin, corn.

N

Plants react in different ways: beans shrivel, become deformed; kernels of corn shrivel; tomatoes hard, corky growths appear where the fruit has been pierced.

Most active in Summer.

C

Sap sucker; weeds harbour bugs; remove; if plants are affected, remove straight after harvest.



Green vegetable bug

LEAF EATING LADYBIRDS

Some vegetables including tomatoes, curcurbits, potatoes.

Leaves skeletonised; pupae at underside of leaves; look like common ladybirds but one has 26 spots and one 28 on a yellow background.

More abundant in warm weather.

Breed on weeds such as deadly nightshade; larvae are covered with black spines.



Leaf eating ladybird larva / adult

PEST

S

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON



N S C T S

LEAFHOPPERS

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

Most plants: carrots, potatoes, tomatoes, lettuce.

Leaves mottled; tiny green insects which fly when disturbed.

Spring – Summer.

Transmitters of viruses.





Leafhopper



damage

PEST

LOOPER CATERPILLAR

VEGETABLE

Most vegetables: favours potatoes, beans, tomatoes and peas.

SYMPTOMS

Attacks foliage and sometimes flowering and fruiting parts; caterpillar up to 35 mm long.

SEASON

More abundant in warm weather.

COMMENT

Moves by a distinct looping action.



LUCERNE FLEA

Some vegetables: peas, potatoes, beans.

Small irregular patches on leaf, sometimes lower surface; insect is dumpy looking, wingless up to 2 mm long, green or greenish yellow.

N

May - October.

Remove capeweed from your garden.



PEST

S

т

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT

MOLE CRICKETS

Sweet potatoes.

Holes in tubers.

Spring and Autumn.

Live underground; come out on warm nights to feed; fly to mate.



VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON



Mole cricket

PEST

NATIVE BUDWORM

VEGETABLE

Most plants starting to fruit: prefer beans,

Holes in pods; greenish caterpillar up to 35 mm long.

SYMPTOMS

peas, tomatoes.

SEASON

COMMENT

Year round, most damaging Spring.

Caterpillar.



Native budworm - yellow



Native budworm - green

PEST

NEMATODES

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT

Most vegetables.

Lesions on roots; stunted plants.

All year, but more prominent in warmer seasons.

Report Potato Cyst Nematode (below)





Potato cyst nematode

ONION MAGGOT

C

Beans, onions, cauliflower curds.

Seedlings die; seed fail to germinate; maggots at roots, maggots on curds.

Most active, Spring - Autumn.

Lays eggs in organic matter; dig in well before planting.

S

N



S

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT



Onion maggot

PEA WEEVIL

Peas.

Foliage and flowers of flowering peas eaten by adults; larva in green pea seeds.

Spring and Summer.

Only lays eggs into green peas.

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON



Pea weevil

N S

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT



Potatoes.

Leaves chewed; stems hollowed and tunnels in tubers.

Summer – Autumn.

Will attack exposed tubers; keep crop moist and covered.





Potato moth larva

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT

REDLEGGED EARTH MITE

Most vegetables.

Seedlings turn pale; tiny black mites with red legs.

Winter - Spring.

Mites which cut tissue and suck oozing sap; breed on clovers, so remove weeds surrounding the garden.



damage

RUTHERGLEN BUG

Many plants, prefer brassicas, strawberries, lettuce.

N

Malformed fruit on strawberries, "blinding" amongst cauliflower and broccoli.

Spring – Summer.

Sap sucking insects; breed in weeds, keep garden clean to prevent.

PEST

S

Т

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT



Rutherglen bug

SNAILS AND SLUGS

Most vegetables.

Slimy tracks; holes in leaves.

All year (move during rainy periods).

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON



Small pointed snail



Vineyard snail







PEST

VEGETABLE Symptoms

SEASON

COMMENT

SWEET POTATO LEAF MINER

Sweet potatoes.

Small, dark reddish to black grub up to 10 mm long.

More abundant in warm weather.

The grub eats plant tissue between the upper and lower leaf surfaces, leaving a transparent papery 'window' in the leaf.



Sweet potato leaf miner larva



adult

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS SEASON

COMMENT

THRIPS

Cucurbits, onions, pepper, tomatoes, onions, garlic, beans, cabbage, celery.

White streaks on leaves; tiny insects.

All year, especially late Spring.

Small insects who rasp the surface of leaves and suck juice; transmit viruses; vary in colour from yellow to black.



TIGER MOTH

Most vegetables.

C

Foliage chewed; hairy black and white caterpillar.

N

Late Winter and Spring.

PEST VEGETABLE SYMPTOMS SEASON

S



Tiger moth caterpillar

TOMATO RUSSET MITE

Tomatoes.

Leaves turn shiny and bronze, then die.

Most active in warm weather.

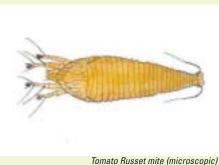
Torpedo shaped microscopic creature; creamy white or greyish white, not visible with the naked eye.

PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON



N S S

TWO-SPOTTED MITES PEST

VEGETABLE Some vegetables: asparagus, peas, beans, curcurbits,

eggplants, globe and jerusalem artichokes, okra, parsnip, strawberries, tomatoes, capsicums.

SYMPTOMS Yellow stippling on leaves; webbing, mites mainly on underside of leaves; plants can be stunted and reduced vield.

Warmer months, prefer dry and hot conditions. SEASON

Mites which cut tissue and suck oozing sap. COMMENT

Report European Red Mite (rarely occurs on vegetables)









Two-spotted mite

Two-spotted mite and eggs

European red mite eggs

PEST

VEGETABLE BEETLE

VEGETABLE

Some vegetables.

SYMPTOMS

Ringbark seedlings at night.

SEASON

Spring – Autumn.

COMMENT

Larvae; look like wireworms.



VEGETABLE WEEVIL

Brassicas: cauliflower, cabbage, brussel sprouts, turnips, broccoli.

Stems and foliage chewed (adult and larva).

Adults Spring - Summer, Larvae Winter - Spring.

N

Chewing insect; nocturnal.

Report Black Vine Weevil (right)



Vegetable weevil larva



PEST

S

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

COMMENT



Black vine weevil

WIREWORM

Some vegetables: seedlings, potatoes, onions and other fleshy underground parts.

Seedlings damaged; occasionally bore into in tubers.

All year.

adult

Can live underground as larva for years; beetle is non damaging; also called "Clickbeetle".



PEST

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

D I S E A S E S

VEGETABLE

MOST VEGETABLES

SYMPTOMS

Seedlings die before they emerge or after. In the latter case, rot develops on stem and constricts stems near soil surface; stems are weakened and plants collapse.

SEASON

All year but mainly in wet conditions.

PEST

DAMPING OFF: CAN BE CAUSED BY RHIZOCTONIA, FUSARIUM OR PYTHIUM.



Damping off Rhizoctonia sp.

VEGETABLE

MANY VEGETABLES

SYMPTOMS

Soft brownish water rot develops, mainly on stems, followed by a fluffy white growth and small, black pebble-like bodies.

SEASON

Spring – Autumn.

PEST

SCLEROTINIA

COMMENT

Carries over from one season to the next.



BROAD BEANS

Brown spots on leaves; streaks on stalks.

Autumn – Spring.

CHOCOLATE SPOT (BOTRYTIS)

Fungal development; favoured by wet conditions.



Chocolate spot

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

COMMENT

BROAD BEANS

Yellow spots on leaves becoming brown pustules.

Winter and Spring.

RUST

Fungal infection; favoured by wet conditions.



VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

VEGETABLE

FRENCH AND RUNNER BEANS

SYMPTOMS

Brown spots all over plants.

SEASON

Year round, most damaging Spring and Autumn.

PEST

ASCOCHYTA SPOT

COMMENT

Fungus; can be seed borne: burn affected material as fungus can carry over in soil for years.



Ascochyta spot

VEGETABLE

FRENCH AND RUNNER BEANS

SYMPTOMS

Yellow spots on leaves developing into brown pustules.

SEASON

Warm, moist conditions, most serious in beans harvested in Autumn and Winter.

PEST COMMENT

BEAN RUST

Fungal infection; starts in older plants on lower leaves and spreads upwards.



FRENCH AND RUNNER BEANS

Light and dark mosaic pattern on leaves.

BEAN YELLOW MOSAIC VIRUS

Control aphids, do not plant seeds from infected plants.



Bean yellow mosaic virus

VEGETABLE

S

SYMPTOMS

PEST

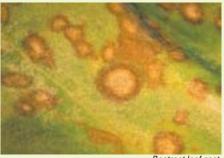
COMMENT

BEETROOT

Small spots on leaves; centres of spots sometimes fall out. Warm, moist conditions.

LEAF SPOT

Several fungi result in shothole appearance: infection results from windblown and/or water splashed spores.



Beetroot leaf spot

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

D S

VEGETABLE

BRASSICAS

SYMPTOMS

Dark spots, concentric black rings.

SEASON

Humid conditions.

PEST

ALTERNARIA SPOT

COMMENT

Fungal infection; results from wind-blown or water splashed spores, can be seed borne, remove diseased plant remains.



Alternaria spot

VEGETABLE

BRASSICAS

SYMPTOMS

Greyish spots on leaves; base of stem blackened.

SEASON

Humid conditions.

PEST

BLACKLEG

COMMENT

Fungus; can be seed borne: remove diseased plant remains.



D I S E A S E S

BRASSICAS

Yellow marks on leaf margins, becoming brown and withered, spreading.

Warm wet weather.

BLACK ROT

Bacteria; can be seed borne; moves freely in water and infect leaves near wounds or where moisture collects.



Black ro

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

COMMENT

BRASSICAS

Yellowish stunted plants; malformed 'clubbed' roots.

Warm weather.

CLUB ROOT

Fungus; avoid growing brassicas in same patch for 7 years; lime soil.



VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

D E S

VEGETABLE

BRASSICAS

SYMPTOMS

Yellowish spots on leaf surfaces; downy growth on undersides of spots.

SEASON

All year but mainly in cool wet condition.

PEST

DOWNY MILDEW

COMMENT

Fungus; do not plant seedlings with yellowed or withered areas on leaves; remove mildew-susceptible weeds near crop (such as shepherds purse).



Downv mildew

VEGETABLE

CARROTS

SYMPTOMS

Elongated spots on leaves and leaf stems; spots may join; leaves wither and die.

SEASON

Most active in cool, wet weather.

PEST

LEAF BLIGHT

COMMENT

Two fungi; Alternaria dauci attacks older leaves and Cercospora carotae attacks younger leaves: can be seed borne and can survive in crop remains.



CELERY

Small circular spots on leaves with small black fruiting bodies; elongated spots on stems.

Cool, moist weather.

LEAF SPOT OR EARLY AND LATE BLIGHT

Caused by two fungi: Cercospora (early blight) and Septoria apicola (late blight): do not replant celery on same area for 3 years, burn infected trash.



VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

COMMENT

CURCURBITS

Greyish white patches on upper leaf surfaces; leaves turn brown and shrivel.

Warm, moist conditions.

POWDERY MILDEW

Fungus; grow curcurbits in a sunny spot in well drained soil.



Powdery mildew

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

D I S E A S E S

VEGETABLE

CURCURBITS

SYMPTOMS

Mosaic patterns on leaves; distortion, stunting.

SEASON

During aphid season.

PEST

CUCUMBER MOSAIC VIRUS

COMMENT

Virus; spread by aphids from diseased to healthy plants.



Cucumber mosaic virus

VEGETABLE

LETTUCE

SYMPTOMS

Yellow patches on leaf surfaces; greyish-white downy growth on underside.

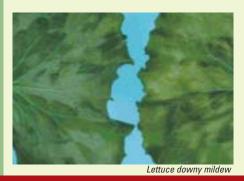
SEASON

Present throughout year, attacks in cool moist weather.

PEST

DOWNY MILDEW

COMMENT Fungus; do not plant seedlings with withered patches on leaves; avoid overcrowding to enable good air ventilation.



LETTUCE

Plants become yellow and stunted.

During aphid season.

NECROTIC YELLOWS VIRUS

Virus; spread by an aphid which breeds on common thistle.



Lettuce necrotic yellows virus

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

COMMENT

LETTUCE

Dead, brown rings or spots develop on younger leaves; leaves turn yellow and droop.

Spring and early Summer.

SPOTTED WILT VIRUS

Virus; spread by thrips; symptoms similar to necrotic yellows virus.



VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

D I S E A S E S

VEGETABLE

ONIONS

SYMPTOMS

Purplish to greyish felt-like patches on leaves; Leaves wither and droop from tips.

SEASON

Wet weather, cool nights with relatively warm days.

PEST

DOWNY MILDEW

COMMENT

Fungus; use healthy seeds, remove and burn crop residues and rotate crops.



Downy mildew on onions

VEGETABLE

PARSNIP

SYMPTOMS

Small, irregular brown spots with dark margins on leaves; red brown areas, forming craters on crowns.

SEASON

Most active in Winter, favours cool, wet weather.

PEST

CANKER AND LEAF SPOT

COMMENT

Fungus; can survive in storage.



PEAS

Small purple spots on leaves and stems; tops can die, particularly from damage at soil line.

Generally develops during cool, wet weather.

BLACK SPOT AND FOOT ROT

Several fungi; grow in sunny, well drained positions; use healthy, fungicide treated, seeds; remove and burn crop residues and rotate crops.



Black spot and foot rot on peas

PEAS

Irregular yellowish patches of leaf surfaces; bluish-white downy growth on underside of patches.

Mild, humid weather.

DOWNY MILDEW

Fungus; use healthy fungicide treated seeds; spray with a suitable fungicide from the first signs of the disease; remove and burn crop residues and rotate crops.



Downy mildew

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

COMMENT

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

D S S S

VEGETABLE

PEAS

SYMPTOMS

Foliage turns yellow from base up; leaves wilt; plants stunted; lower stem brick red.

PEST

FUSARIUM WILT

COMMENT

Fungus; use healthy seeds; remove and burn crop residues and rotate crops.



Fusarium wilt in peas

VEGETABLE

PEAS

SYMPTOMS

White powdery patches on older leaves, spreading upwards.

SEASON

Mild, humid weather.

PEST

POWDERY MILDEW

COMMENT

Fungus; remove and burn crop residues and rotate crops.



POTATOES

Brown-black spots on lower leaves, spreading upwards.

Wet weather and heavy dews.

EARLY BLIGHT (TARGET SPOT, BLACK SPOT)

Fungus; can spread from foliage to the tubers; do not leave tubers in ground after the plants mature; control with fungicide.



VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

COMMENT

POTATOES

Small, raised pustules on tuber surfaces; These split to expose black powdery mass of spores.

Cold, wet soil.

POWDERY SCAB

Fungus; spores can remain dormant in soils for many years; get healthy seeds and rotate crop.



Powdery scab

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

VEGETABLE

POTATOES

SYMPTOMS

Young shoots die before emerging; older stems can be ring-barked; aerial tubers form, tubers can be infected.

SEASON

Cold, wet soil.

PEST

RHIZOCTONIA

COMMENT

Fungus; treat seed potatoes with fungicide before planting; rotate, prepare beds well before planting to let organic matter break down.



Rhizoctonia/ Fungus

VEGETABLE

POTATOES

SYMPTOMS

Leaf mottling; mosaic patterns; yellowing.

SEASON

Cold, wet soil.

PEST

POTATO VIRUS X AND Y

COMMENT

Virus; potato y, can cause range of symptoms from mild mottling to severe yellowing and premature death.

If potato virus y is suspected report to Pest and Disease Information Service.



Potato virus x or y



POTATOES

Edges roll inwards and thicken; plants stunted.

During aphid activity.

POTATO LEAF-ROLL VIRUS

Virus; transmitted by aphids; buy healthy tubers for planting and control aphids.



Potato leaf-roll virus

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

COMMENT

POTATOES, TOMATOES

Healthy potatoes showing elongation and pointed ends; tomato plants showing purpling and chlorosis, down curling, stunting and distortion.

Prefers warm conditions and high light intensity.

POTATO SPINDLE TUBER VIROID

Virus: highly infectious, spreads quickly through crops, can be seed borne.

> If suspected, report to Pest and Disease Information Service.



Potato spindle viroid on potatoes

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON PEST



Potato spindle viroid on potatoes

D I S E A S E S

VEGETABLE

SILVER BEET

SYMPTOMS

Small spots on leaves; centres sometimes drop out.

SEASON

Warm, moist conditions.

PEST

LEAF SPOT

COMMENT

Several fungi; same as beetroot leaf spot; not usually damaging in home gardens.



Silverbeet leaf spot

VEGETABLE

SILVER BEET

SYMPTOMS

Seedlings die; leaves develop spots; roots and stems rot.

SEASON

Air temperatures higher than 15° C encourage rotting.

PEST

LEAF AND STEM ROT

COMMENT

Fungus; can be seed borne: rotate crops and fertilise well; avoid over-watering.

TOMATOES

Leaflets wither on one side of leaf from base up; fruits can develop spots with halos.

Late season.

BACTERIAL CANKER

Bacterium; can be seed borne: rotate crops; burn infected plants; use sterile (including use of new tomato stakes) practices to avoid infecting healthy plants.



Tomato bacterial canker

TOMATOES

Small, irregular, greasy black spots on leaves and stems.

Most common in Winter.

BACTERIAL SPECK

Bacterium; can be seed borne: rotate crops; burn infected plants; use sterile practices (including new stakes) to avoid infecting healthy plants.



Bacterial speck leaves

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

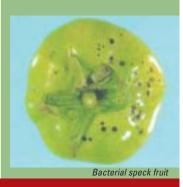
COMMENT

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST



D Е Α S

VEGETABLE

TOMATOES

SYMPTOMS

Dark brown spots with concentric rings and yellow margins on leaves from base up.

SEASON

Warm moist conditions.

PEST

EARLY BLIGHT (TARGET SPOT)

COMMENT

Fungus; use healthy plant material; burn diseased plant remains; control from early onset of disease with fungicides.



Target spot

VEGETABLE

TOMATOES

SYMPTOMS

Leaves turn yellow and wilt from base up; sometimes only one side of branch affected.

SEASON

Most common in warm weather.

PEST

FUSARIUM WILT

COMMENT

Fungus; use healthy plant material; burn diseased plant remains; rotate crop.



TOMATOES

Plants wither and wilt from base up; stunted. Cooler weather, more common south of Bunbury.

VERTICILLIUM WILT

Fungus; use healthy plant material; rotate crop.



Verticillium wilt on tomatoes

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST

COMMENT

TOMATOES

Shiny bronze spots on youngest leaves; plants shrivel and die.

Symptoms show more in cooler conditions.

SPOTTED WILT VIRUS

Virus; spread by thrips, control pest; destroy infected material.

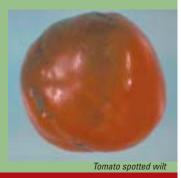


VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

SEASON

PEST



D I S E A S E S

TOMATOES

VEGETABLE

SYMPTOMS

Fruit has yellowish markings; mosaic patterns, mottling and distortions on leaves and fruit.

PEST COMMENT

TOBACCO AND TOMATO MOSAIC VIRUS

Virus; transmitted mechanically; use sterile practices; avoid smoking.



Tobacco mosaic virus fruit



Tobacco mosaic virus leaves

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Black vine weevil



Potato cyst nematode



European red mite



European red mite eggs



Please report anything unusual to the Pest and Disease Information Service on

9368 3666 or 1800 084 881

Email: info@agric.wa.gov.au

Web: www.agric.wa.gov.au



Black vine weevil



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